

## ProtoADME

ProtoADME is a computational (*in silico*) tool focused on the prediction of endpoints related with the ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion) of chemical substances.

## Endpoint

### Toxicokinetic: CYP450 1A2 inhibitor

The microsomal cytochrome P450 (CYP) family 4 monooxygenases are the major fatty acid omega-hydroxylases. These enzymes remove excess free fatty acids to prevent lipotoxicity, catabolize leukotrienes and prostanoids, and also produce bioactive metabolites from arachidonic acid omega-hydroxylation. In addition to endogenous substrates, recent evidence indicates that CYP4 monooxygenases can also metabolize xenobiotics, including therapeutic drugs. If a compound is a CYP inhibitor may decrease the metabolism of comedicated drugs.

## Metrics

### Training set

Experimental values	QSAR predictions	
	Non-inhibitor	Inhibitor
Non-inhibitor	113	30
Inhibitor	45	299

### Validation set


Experimental values	QSAR predictions	
	Non-inhibitor	Inhibitor
Non-inhibitor	32	12
Inhibitor	17	104

Parameters	Training	Validation
Accuracy	0.85	0.82
Sensitivity / recall	0.87	0.86
Specificity	0.79	0.73
Precision	0.91	0.90
Negative predictive value	0.72	0.65
F-score	0.89	0.88
Matthews Correlation Coefficient	0.64	0.57
Critical Success Index	0.80	0.78
Area under the ROC	0.83	0.79

ProtoADME is part of



ProtoPRED platform allows the easy, fast and user-friendly prediction of different properties of chemical compounds, using proprietary (Q)SAR models

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